Carmarthenshire County Council

Assessing Impact

The Equality Act 2010

The Equality Act 2010 (the Act) brings together and replaces the previous anti-discrimination laws with a single Act. It simplifies and strengthens the law, removes inconsistencies and makes it easier for people to understand and comply with it. The majority of the Act came into force on 1 October 2010.

The Act includes a new public sector equality duty (the 'general duty'), replacing the separate duties on race, disability and gender equality. This came into force on 5 April 2011.

What is the general duty?

The aim of the general duty is to ensure that public authorities and those carrying out a public function consider how they can positively contribute to a fairer society through advancing equality and good relations in their day-to-day activities. The duty ensures that equality considerations are built into the design of policies and the delivery of services and that they are kept under review. This will achieve better outcomes for all.

The duties are legal obligations. Failure to meet the duties may result in authorities being exposed to legal challenge.

Under equality legislation, public authorities have legal duties to pay 'due regard' to the need to eliminate discrimination and promote equality with regard to race, disability and gender, including gender reassignment, as well as to promote good race relations. The Equality Act 2010 introduces a new public sector duty which extends this coverage to age, sexual orientation, pregnancy and maternity, and religion or belief. The law requires that this duty to pay 'due regard' be demonstrated in the decision making process. It is also important to note that public authorities subject to the equality duties are also likely to be subject to the

Appendix 7

obligations under the Human Rights Act and it is therefore wise also to consider the potential impact that decisions could have on human rights as part of the same process.

Carmarthenshire's approach to Equality Impact

In order to ensure that the council is considering the potential equality impact of its proposed policies and practices, and in order to evidence that we have done so, every proposal will be required to be supported by the attached Equality Impact Assessment. Where this assessment identifies a significant impact then more detail may be required.

Reporting on assessments

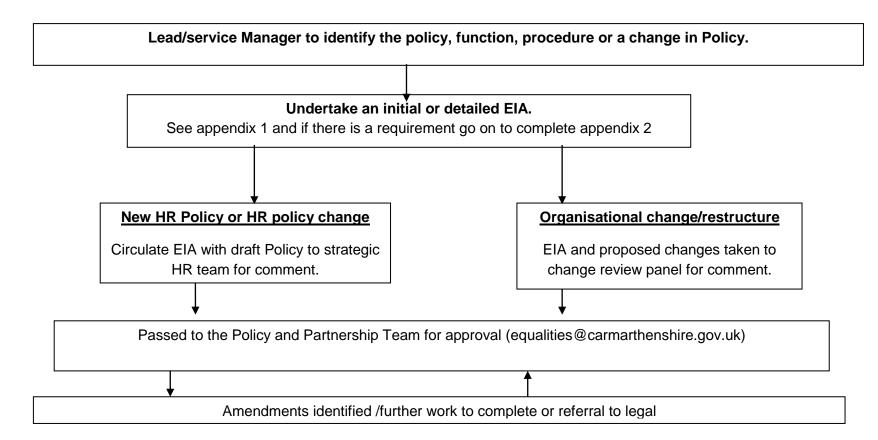
Where it is clear from the assessment that the likely impact on the authority's ability to meet the general duty is substantial, then it must publish a report.

Initial and Detailed Equality Impact Assessments

The initial EIA (appendix 1) is a simple and quick method of assessing the effect of a policy, function, procedure, decision including financial cuts on one or more of the protected characteristics.

The Service Manager responsible for the relevant new or revised policies, functions, procedures and financial decisions must undertake, at least, an initial EIA and where relevant a detailed Equality Impact Assessment (appendix 7); EIA must be attached as background paper with reports to Executive and Scrutiny.

Equality impact assessment - Process to follow where HR implications have been identified

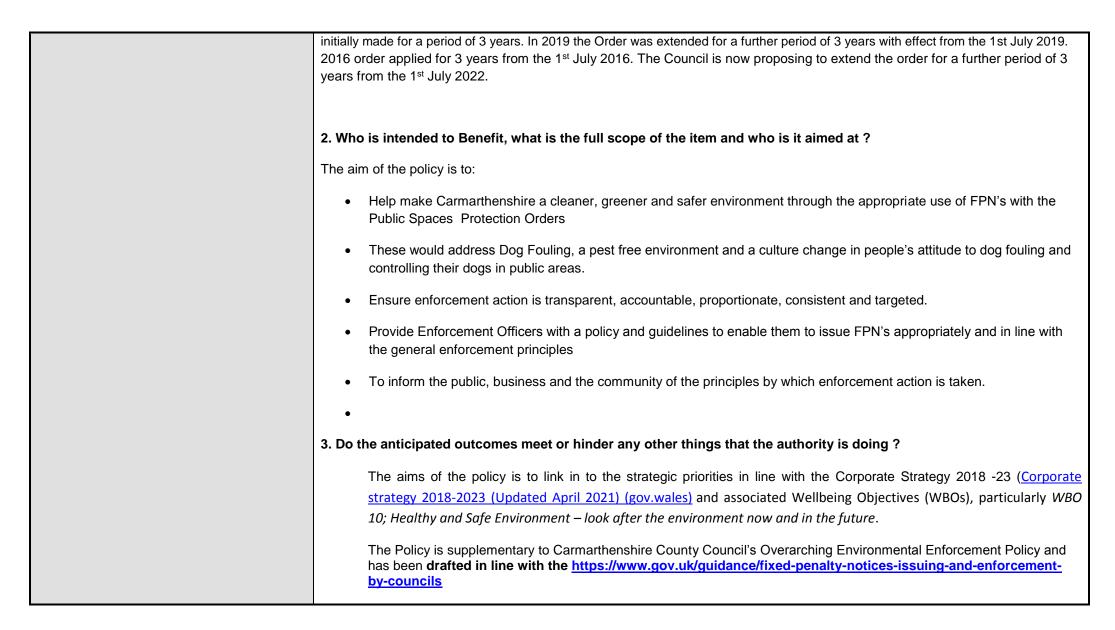


Initial Equalities Impact Assessment Template Appendix 1

Department:	Completed by (lead):	Date of initial assessment:	
Environment Department	Michael Roberts	20 th December 2021	
		Revision Dates:	
Area to be assessed: (i.e. name of policy, function, procedure, practice or a financial decision)	Public Spaces Protection Order (Dog Controls) and the use of Fixed Penalty Notices.		
Is this existing or new function/policy, procedure, practice or decision?		Extension to Public Spaces Protection Orders (Dog Controls) and the use of Fixed Penalty Notices.	
What evidence has been used to inform the assessn	nent and policy? (please list only	y)	

1. Describe the aims, objectives or purpose of the proposed function/policy, practice, procedure or decision and who is intended to benefit.	 1. Describe the item you are assessing and the outcomes you want from it ? In 2016 Carmarthenshire County Council introduced a Public Spaces Protection Order to tackle irresponsible dog ownership that is occurring in the County. At the time we consulted with the public to find out if there was public support for further dog controls in the County. Based on the results of that consultation exercise, the Authority introduced a draft Public Spaces Protection Order, containing 3 proposed dog controls, which included:
	 A provision requiring people to clean up after their dogs immediately, if it defecates on public land. This will apply on ALL publicly accessible land in the County of Carmarthenshire. A provision requiring people to place their dog on a lead of no more that 2 metres in Length, when directed to do so by an authorised officer of the Council. This will also apply on ALL publicly accessible land in the County of

Carmarthenshire.
A provision prohibiting dogs from all outdoor enclosed children's play areas in the County of Carmarthenshire
Anyone who breaches the order could be issued with a Fixed Penalty of up to £100, or they may receive a fine of up to £1,000 if convicted in the magistrates' court.
The dog fouling provisions in the Order did not apply to a person who:
(a) is registered as partially sighted or blind, in a register compiled under section 29 of the National Assistance Act 1948; or
(b) is registered as "sight-impaired", "severely sight-impaired" or as "having sight and hearing impairments which, in combination, have a significant effect on their day to day lives", in a register compiled under section 18 of the Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2014; or
(c) has a disability which affects his mobility, manual dexterity, physical coordination, or ability to lift, carry, or otherwise move everyday objects, such that he cannot reasonably be expected to remove the faeces; or
(d) has some other disability, such that he cannot reasonably be expected to remove the faeces.
The dog exclusion does not apply to a dog trained by a registered charity to assist a person with a disability and upon which a disabled person relies for assistance.
If we are satisfied that a disabled person relies on assistance dog which has not been trained by a registered charity, we will not
consider it in the public interest to prosecute them if they breach the exclusion order. However, it will be up to the disabled
person to provide us with evidence to show that the dog is suitably trained and that they rely on it for assistance. We will consider
each case on its merits.
Anybody who fails to comply with a requirement of order would have a defence against prosecution if they can show that they
have a "reasonable excuse" for doing so.
The Carmarthenshire County Council (Dog Control) Public Spaces Protection Order 2016 came into force on the 1st July 2016. It was



4. Who defined the Policy, Function or service provision and who are the main stakeholders.
The PSPO has been developed by officers in conjunction with members and approved by the Executive Board.
The enforcement Policy has been defined by members of the Environmental Enforcement Unit, Corporate Strategies, statutory Functions and guidance laid down by external organisations such as DEFRA, Crown Prosecution Service etc.
The Main stakeholders are :
Members of the Environmental Enforcement Unit.
Other Internal Departments that manage public assets such as Country Parks, County Parks etc.
All Members of Public inc visitors to the County.
Town & Community Councils
Dyfed Powys Police Authority.
Sports Associations and other groups.
5. Who Implements your proposal and who is responsible for delivery ?
The Policy will be implemented and delivered by Officers of the Environmental Enforcement Unit and partner organisations such as Dyfed Powys Police.
6. Is this Policy, Practice , service or function affected by external drivers for changes ? e.g. new legislation, national policy, external inspection etc.
Anti Social Behaviour Crime and Policing Act 2014 in relation to dealing with ASB issues which include Irresponsible dog ownership.

	7. How is the information about the	e Policy, practice, servic	e or function publicised?	
	Authority's web page.			
	Fact Sheets			
	Community News			
	Word of Mouth			
	Social Media i.e. Facebook, Twitter			
	Local Newspaper reports			
	Signage			
The Public Sector Equality Duty requires the Council to have "due regard" to the need to:-	2. What is the level of impact on each group/ protected characteristics in terms of the three aims of the duty?	3. Identify the risk of pos for each of the group/pro	sitive effect that could result tected characteristics?	4. If there is a disproportionately negative impact what mitigating factors have you considered?
(1) eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation;	Please indicate high (H) medium (M), low (L), no effect (N) for each.	/), Risks Positive effects		-
(2) advance equality of opportunity between different groups; and				
(3) foster good relations between different groups				
(see guidance notes)				

		I	1	
		common sense		
		approach at all times.		
		Whilst there is no		
		appeal mechanism for		
		FPN's, if additional		
		information is made		
		available to the council		
		it may result in the		
		FPN being cancelled.		
		Guidelines will be		
		drafted, which will		
		include a section on		
		medical conditions that		
		contribute to the		
		offence.		
	•	T I 0 "		T
Disability	Μ	The Council	The order should make	The Council has included
		recognises that some	public areas safer for all,	exemptions in the order (as set out
		people will not be able	including disabled people.	in box 2 above) to disapply these
		to clean up after their		requirements to people with
		dogs for reasons that		appropriate physical and mental
		are related to a		impairments.
		disability. For example,		
		people with serious		The Council recognises that some
		l · ·		

sight issues may not	disabled people rely on assistance
be able to see their	dogs and that prohibiting
dog defecate, and	assistance dogs from children's
people with mobility or	play areas could prevent these
manual dexterity	people and their families from using
problems might not be	play areas. To prevent this, the
able to remove the	Council has included an exemption
faeces.	in the order stating that the dog
	exclusion will not apply to trained
To address this the	assistance dogs.
Council has included	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
exemptions in the	Anybody who fails to comply with a
order (as set out in box	requirement of order will have a
2 above) to disapply	defence against prosecution if they
these requirements to	can show that they have a
people with	"reasonable excuse" for doing so.
appropriate physical	
and mental	Any disabled person who believes
impairments.	that their disability gives them a
	reasonable excuse for failing to
The Council	comply, but who is not covered by
recognises that some	the disability exemptions within the
disabled people rely on	order, will still be able to raise a
assistance dogs and	"reasonable excuse" defence.
that prohibiting	By incorporating these defences

	assistance dogs from	and exemptions in the order, the
	children's play areas	Council has endeavoured to avoid
	could prevent these	any discrimination against disabled
	people and their	people.
	families from using	All staff issuing FPN's will be
	play areas. To prevent	appropriately briefed to be fair and
	this, the Council has	
	included an exemption	reasonable and to use a common
	in the order stating that	sense approach at all times.
	the dog exclusion will	When enforcing the orders, officer
	not apply to trained	will have regard to any known
	assistance dogs.	disabilities and the need to
	Anybody who fails to	eliminate discrimination and
	comply with a	promote equality of opportunity and
	requirement of order	will be expected to take these
	will have a defence	issues in to account when deciding
		whether or not to take enforcement
	against prosecution if	action against an individual.
	they can show that	
	they have a	Guidelines will be drafted, which
	"reasonable excuse"	will include a section on medical
	for doing so.	conditions that contribute to the
	Any disabled person	offence.
	who believes that their	

	disability gives them a	
	reasonable excuse for	
	failing to comply, but	
	who is not covered by	
	the disability	
	exemptions within the	
	order, will still be able	
	to raise a "reasonable	
	excuse" defence.	
	By incorporating these	
	defences and	
	exemptions in the	
	order, the Council has	
	endeavoured to avoid	
	any discrimination	
	against disabled	
	people.	
	All staff issuing FPN's	
	will be appropriately	
	briefed to be fair and	
	reasonable and to use	
	a common sense	
	approach at all times.	

		When enforcing the	
		orders, officer will have	
		regard to any known	
		disabilities and the	
		need to eliminate	
		discrimination and	
		promote equality of	
		opportunity and will be	
		expected to take these	
		issues in to account	
		when deciding whether	
		or not to take	
		enforcement action	
		against an individual.	
		Outidalia es utill ha	
		Guidelines will be	
		drafted, which will	
		include a section on	
		medical conditions that	
		contribute to the	
		offence.	
Gender reassignment	Ν		

Appendix 7

Race	М	There could be	All Enforcement Staff will be briefed
		potential impacts on	to ensure they recognise that there
		those who are not	is diversity within the community
		fluent in English or	and care must therefore be taken to
		Welsh.	ensure that any enforcement
		All Enforcement Staff	actions are clearly understood.
		will be briefed to	Pictorial signage will be used to
		ensure they recognise	ensure that the requirements of the
		that there is diversity	order are easily understood by all .
		within the community and care must therefore be taken to ensure that any enforcement actions are clearly understood.	Consideration will be given to providing documents in appropriate language if necessary. The Council may also arrange for interpreter in appropriate cases.
		Pictorial signage will be used to ensure that the requirements of the order are easily understood by all .	
		Consideration will be given to providing documents in	

		appropriate language if	
		necessary. The	
		Council may also	
		arrange for interpreter	
		in appropriate cases.	
Delinien/Delief	N		
Religion/Belief	N		
Pregnancy and maternity	N		
Sexual Orientation	N		
ocxual offentation			
Sex	N		
Welsh language	L	The orders will be	The orders will be made and
		made and published	published on the Council's website
		on the Council's	bilingually. Bilingual fixed penalty
		website bilingually.	books are also used.
		Bilingual fixed penalty	6 <i>n</i> 1 1 1 1 1
		books are also used.	Offenders can be interviewed
			bilingually and court proceedings
		Offenders can be	can be undertaken through the
		interviewed bilingually	medium of Welsh.
		and court proceedings	
		can be undertaken	
		through the medium of	

		Welsh.	
Any other area	Ν		

5. Has there been any consultation/engagement with the appropriate protected characteristics?						
6. What action(s) will you take to reduce any disproportionately negative impact, if any? Not applicable.						
7. Procurement						
Following collation of evidence for this assessment, are there any procurement implications to the activity, proposal, service.						
Please take the findings of this assessment into your procurement plan. Contact the corporate procurement unit for further advice.						
Not applicable.						
8. Human resources						
Following collation of evidence for this assessment, are there any Human resource implications to the activity, proposal or service? Not applicable.						
9. Based on the information in sections 2 and 6, should this						
function/policy/procedure/practice or a decision proceed to Detailed Impact Assessment? (recommended if one or more H under section 2)		YES		NO 🖂		
Approved by:	A. Williams		Date: 31	January 2022.		
Head of Service	d of Service Head of Waste & Environmental Services					